## SEC. 318. INCREASE IN RENEWABLE ENERGY GOALS TO MEET FACILITY ENERGY NEEDS OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

Section 2911(d) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in paragraph (1), by amending subparagraph (A) to read as follows:
- "(A) to produce or procure from renewable energy sources—
- "(i) by fiscal year 2025, not less than 50 percent of the total quantity of facility energy it consumes within its facilities; and
- "(ii) by fiscal year 2030, not less than 100 percent of the total quantity of facility energy it consumes within its facilities; and";
  - (2) by striking paragraph (2); and
- (3) by redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph (2).
- SA 4637. Mr. RISCH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. REED and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows: At the end of subtitle G of title X. add the

## following: SEC. 1064. THINK TANK CYBERSECURITY STAND-ARDS.

- (a) Regulations.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall develop and promulgate regulations—
- (A) requiring covered think tanks and research organizations to develop cybersecurity standards plans and submit them to the Under Secretary of State for Management;
- (B) requiring the Bureau of Diplomatic Security, in coordination with other competent authorities as necessary, to certify whether the plans required pursuant to subparagraph (A) meet minimum cybersecurity standards for the protection of sensitive data and information.
- (2) COVERED THINK TANKS AND RESEARCH ORGANIZATIONS.—For purposes of this section, the term "covered think tanks and research organizations" means United States think tanks and research organizations that—
- (A) receive or plan to apply for funding from the Department of State;
- (B) participate or intend to participate in more than three Department-hosted events in a calendar year; or
- (C) meet, correspond, or otherwise engage with Department of State personnel more than three times in a calendar year.
- (3) SCOPE OF PLAN.—The cybersecurity plan required under paragraph (1) shall include—
- (A) a description of the cybersecurity standards, training requirements, and other procedures:
- (B) a description of how the organization intends to safeguard sensitive data and report and remediate any breaches or theft to the Department of State and relevant law enforcement; and
- (C) a description of any other factors the Department deems necessary to bolstering the cybersecurity of think tanks and research organizations.
- (b) REPORT.—Not later than 60 days after the effective date of the regulations promulgated under subsection (a), the Secretary of State shall submit a report to the appropriate congressional committees describing—

- (1) the progress of the Department of State in implementation of the cybersecurity plan requirement mandated pursuant to subsection (a):
- (2) the officials and offices within the Department responsible for implementing the regulations required under subsection (a);
- (3) any challenges or obstacles to implementation; and
- (4) any recommendations to improve upon the regulations described required under subsection (a) or overcome challenges to implementation.
- (c) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DEFINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives.
- SA 4638. Mr. RISCH (for himself and Mr. CRAPO) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. REED and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:
- Strike section 143 and insert the following:
  SEC. 143. MODIFICATION TO PROHIBITION ON
  AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FOR RETIREMENT AND MINIMUM INVENTORY REQUIREMENT FOR A-10 AIRCRAFT.
- (a) PROHIBITION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FOR RETIREMENT.—Subsection (a) of section 134 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328; 130 Stat. 2037) is amended—
- (1) by inserting "or any fiscal year thereafter" after "fiscal year 2017"; and
- (2) by inserting "that reduces the total aircraft inventory of A-10 aircraft below 218 A-10 aircraft" after "any A-10 aircraft".
- (b) MINIMUM INVENTORY REQUIREMENT.—Subsection (d) of such section is amended by striking "171" and inserting "141".
- SA 4639. Mr. RISCH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. REED and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:
- At the end of title XII, add the following: Subtitle H—Ukraine Security Partnership Act of 2021

## SEC. 1291. SHORT TITLE.

This subtitle may be cited as the ''Ukraine Security Partnership Act of 2021''.

## SEC. 1292. FINDINGS.

- Congress makes the following findings:
- (1) Throughout its history, Ukraine has experienced several long periods of occupation.
- (2) Between 1919 and 1991, Ukraine was brutally ruled by the Soviet Union, whose policy of agricultural collectivization caused the Holodomor of 1932–1933, a man-made famine that resulted in the death of at least 3,000,000 Ukrainians by starvation.

- (3) During the Nazi occupation of Ukraine accompanying World War II—
- (A) approximately 3,500,000 Ukrainian civilians and 3,000,000 soldiers were killed; and
- (B) approximately 1,500,000 Jews were massacred.
- (4) Ukraine declared its independence from Moscow in 1991, after the collapse of the Soviet Union.
- (5) In the 1994 Budapest Memorandum, the Russian Federation, the United States, and the United Kingdom pledged to "respect the independence and sovereignty and the existing borders of Ukraine" and "refrain from the threat or use of force against the territorial integrity or political independence of Ukraine" in exchange for Ukraine's surrender of its nuclear arsenal.
- (6) From November 2004 through January 2005, thousands of Ukrainians took to the streets to peacefully protest electoral fraud and widespread corruption by the ruling elite in the 2004 Presidential election, successfully triggering a re-vote, in what became known as the Orange Revolution.
- (7) During Ukraine's 2014 Revolution of Dignity, or Euromaidan, the pro-Russian government of President Viktor Yanukovych was forced to resign after thousands of Ukrainians peacefully protested Yanukovych's decision to reject a closer relationship with the European Union and his continued systemic corruption, and over 100 of those protestors were killed by violent government suppression.
- (8) Fearful of Ukraine's strengthened pro-Western orientation after the Revolution of Dignity, the Government of the Russian Federation, in violation of international law and in contravention of its commitments in the Budapest Memorandum—
- (A) sent undisclosed military personnel into Ukraine's Autonomous Republic of Crimea in February 2014 and has illegally occupied the Crimean Peninsula for the past seven years;
- (B) sent covert, unmarked military personnel into the Ukrainian regions of Donetsk and Luhansk in April 2014, instigating and supporting a still-ongoing conflict that has cost nearly 14,000 lives; and
- (C) provided the Buk missile system used by those Russia-led forces to shoot down Malaysian Airlines Flight 17 over eastern Ukraine in July 2014, killing all 298 passengers and crew on board.
- (9) Under Russian control, Crimean authorities have kidnapped, imprisoned, and tortured Crimean Tatars, opposition figures, activists, and other minority populations, and have persecuted religious minorities by pressing false charges of terrorism and deregistering religious centers.
- (10) In September 2014, in an attempt to stop the fighting that the Russian Federation had initiated in eastern Ukraine, France, Germany, Ukraine, the Russian Federation, the Organization for Security and Cooperation (OSCE), and Russia-led forces from eastern Ukraine signed the Minsk Protocol.
- (11) In February 2015, after the failure of the initial Minsk Protocol, the Russian Federation committed to the Minsk II Agreement, the roadmap for resolving the conflict in eastern Ukraine, signed by the Governments of Ukraine, Russia, France, and Germany.
- (12) Despite these agreements, the Government of the Russian Federation continues to violate Ukrainian sovereignty through—
- (A) manipulation of Ukraine's dependence on Russian natural gas, including cutting off access in 2014, which deprived Ukraine of its energy supply and transit fees;
- (B) espionage and clandestine assassinations on Ukrainian territory;